# Rockmite ][-80 (ver 3) Power and Efficiency Modification

W5USJ Drawing 14 April 2014

### Note: Best to make these changes before assembling the rest of the kit

50

Change R18 to 3 Ohms (ORN, BLK GLD GLD)

#### Install the transformer in place of L1

Matching transformer: 1.6:1 turns ratio Impedance (Z) Ratio = 2.56:1(128:50)

Toroid FT23-43 8 turns #26 primary 5 turns #26 secondary wound between the pri turns. Strip insulation to about 1/8 inch from core

Cut the short trace between Q6-C and C14

T30-2 Toroids

L2 = 2.45 uH 23 turns #28 Measured L3 = 2.00 uH 21 turns #28

Spread or squeeze turns as needed Strip insulation close to core

#### All Capacitors MLCC 5% COG

C15 = 620 pF (561 + 560)\*

C16 = 82 pF (820)

C17 = 1200 pF (122)

C18 = 240 pF (241)

 $C19 = 470 \, pF (471)$ 

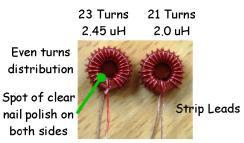
\*Parallel capacitors can be connected together or tack-soldered on the

PCB bottom.

Q6 = 2N3866Alt = 2N3053

## Matching Transformer:

As seen in the LPF schematic, the input and output impedance is 50  $\Omega$ Output resistance of Q6 is much higher and is a power transfer mismatch. Also, poor efficiency. So, a matching transformer can be used to even things up. The values chosen are median values between the range of Vcc (12-13.5).. A 1 min keydown only warms the heatsink.



Elsie Design LPF Schematic 2.45uH 2uH 50 240pF

470pF 620pF 1200pF 11.229M 7.2644M

Matching Transformer

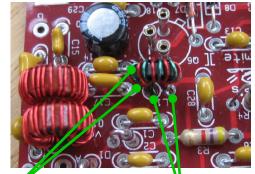
Secondary



Primary

RM | PCB ver 3

First, cut short trace between Q6 C and C14 see illustration below

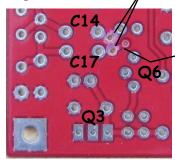


Connect secondary leads, to two S pads at ends of C14 and C17 pads

Connect primary leads in place of L1.

Gently scrape the solder mask from these two pads

Figure 1



Cut this short trace